

Update on generator-level trigger studies

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Zbb meeting

Recall...

- Looked at HEPG quantities:
 - stable particles \rightarrow tracks, b partons \rightarrow jets.
- Implemented trigger cuts:
 - $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ trigger (two-B trigger).
 - B group's “two track trigger” (one-B trigger).
- Found 2.7% eff. for 2-B, 17.3% for 1-B.
- Roughly defined “taggable” as having two fiducial tracks $(SVX+COT) > 350 \text{ MeV}$.
- Then 13.1% of evts are doubly-taggable, and of those, 9.8% pass 2-B, 27.8% pass 1-B.

Potential problems with 1-B trigger

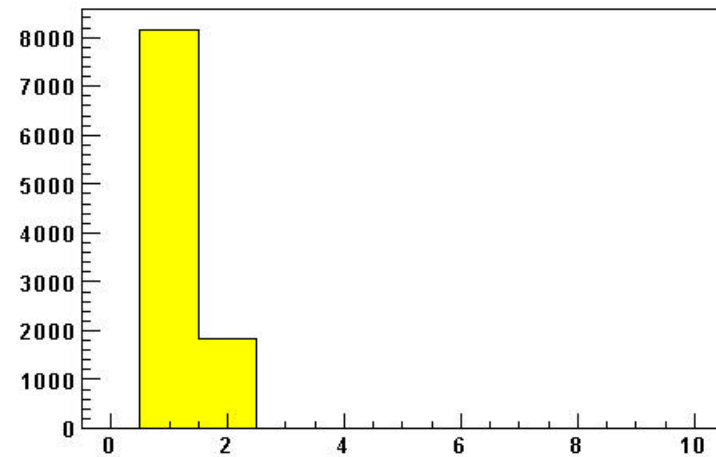
- Could be prescaled at high luminosity.
 - I don't think we can do anything about this. It's going to be up to the B people what they want to do. If it happens it happens.
- How does it affect background shape for $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ analysis?
 - Where and how sharp is the turn-on rate?
 - How does it compare to 2-B trigger?

Bkgd gen-level sample

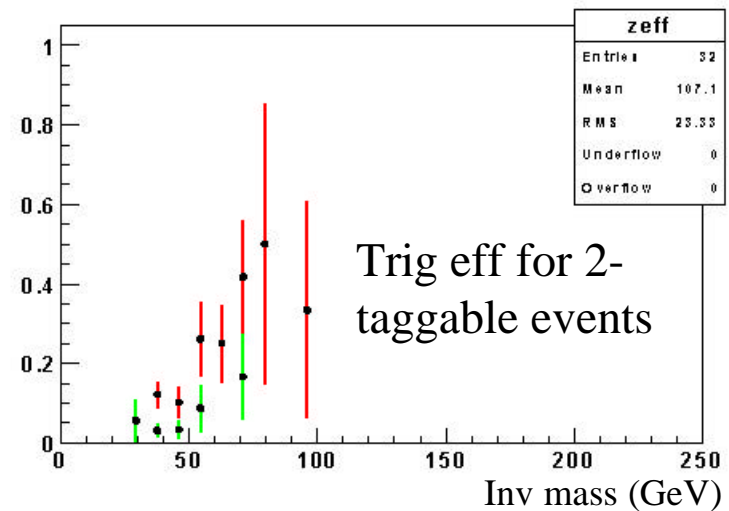
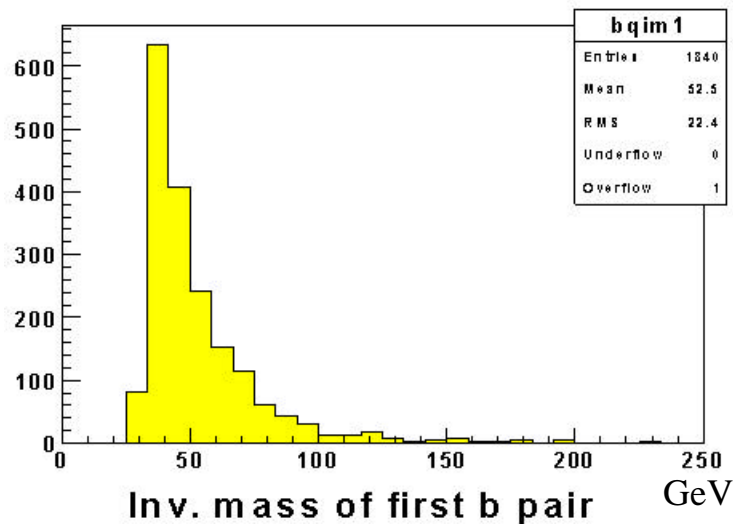
HERWIG processCode = 1705:
b production.

Turns out only ~18% $b\bar{b}$.

Very quickly falling mass spectrum.



of b quarks in hard scatter



$pp \rightarrow A \rightarrow b\bar{b}b\bar{b}$ study

Pythia tcl from Aaron D.

A^0 mass set to 90 GeV!

$\text{BR}(A \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = 92\%$.

4 b quarks give you more chances to pass both triggers. But for $Z \rightarrow b\bar{b}$, $d\Phi > 150$ hurts.

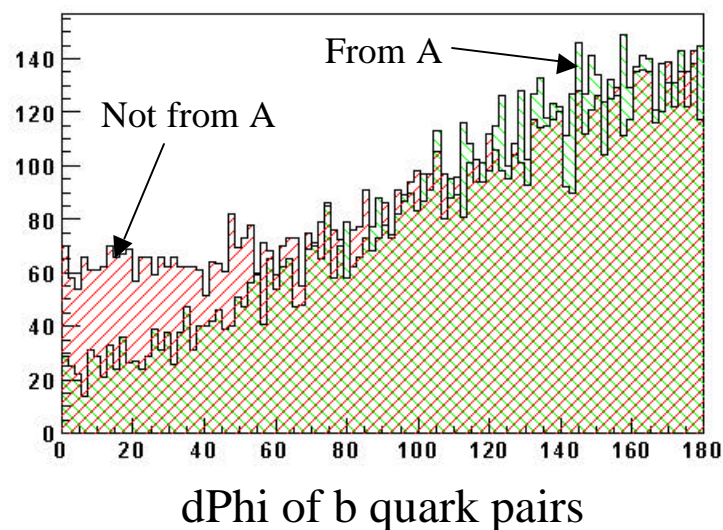
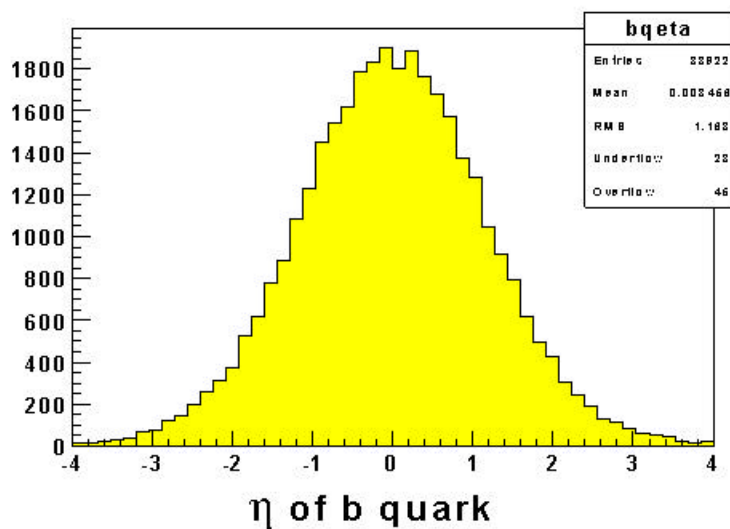
1-B trigger: **83%**

2-B trigger: **40%** (overlap)

Of 2-taggable (**54%**):

1-B: **93%**

2-B: **55%**



Ongoing/Future work

- Generate bb background, flatter spectrum.
- New version of high-pt bjet trig to check?
- Repeat studies with full (realistic) simulation.